



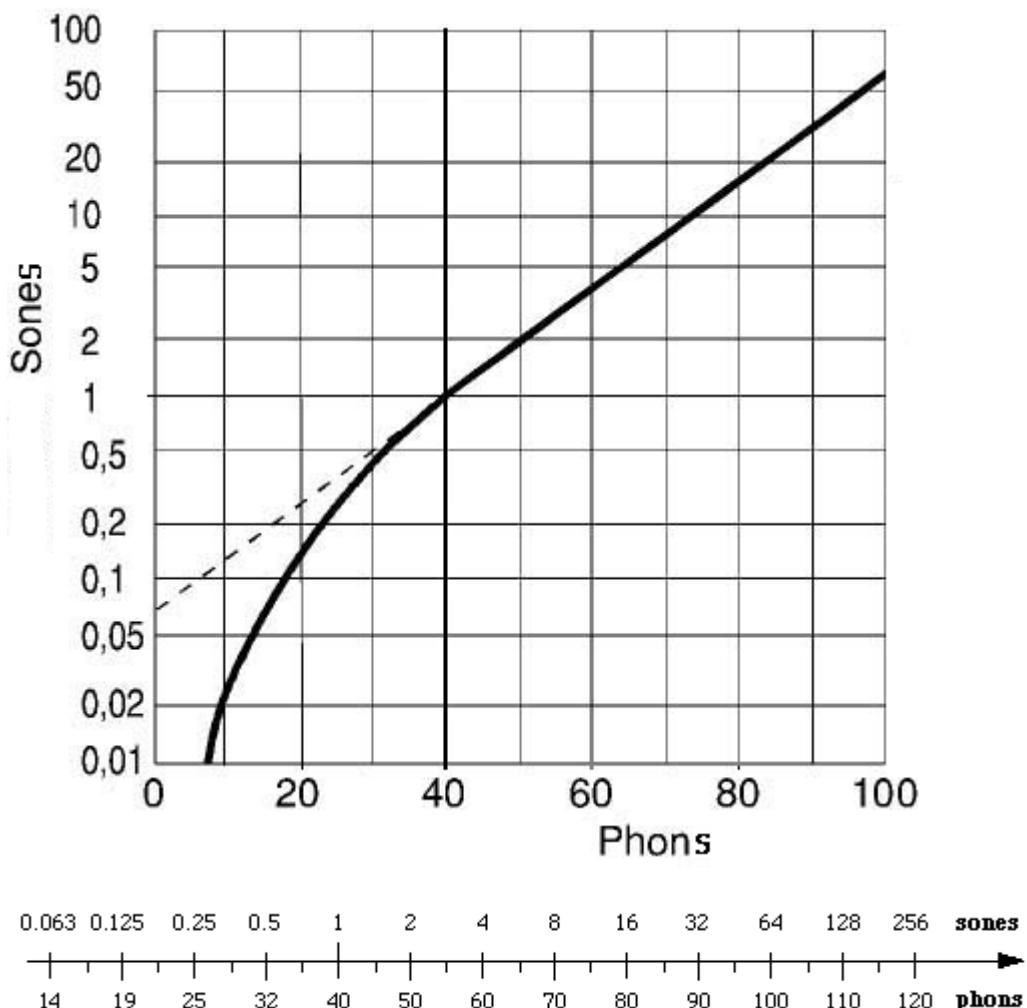
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가 (dB SPL, ) 가  
 DAW 가 .  
 가 .  
 1) 2 가 3dB 가 .  
 가 , 100 가 20dB 가 .  
 , 10dB 가 2 100dB 가 4  
 .  
 10 가 .  
 2 .  
 3)4) . 40phon  
 1 Sone 10dB 가 50phon= 2sone .  
 • sone=



# Loudness

Loudness is a perceptual measurement of the magnitude of sound as perceived by the human auditory system. It can differ from the actual sound magnitude, which is measured in sound pressure level (**dB SPL**), a physical quantity.

In cases where the meter values in a Digital Audio Workstation (**DAW**) indicate high **levels** of sound, but the perceived loudness is low, it is because the signal values are large, but the perceived loudness is relatively small.

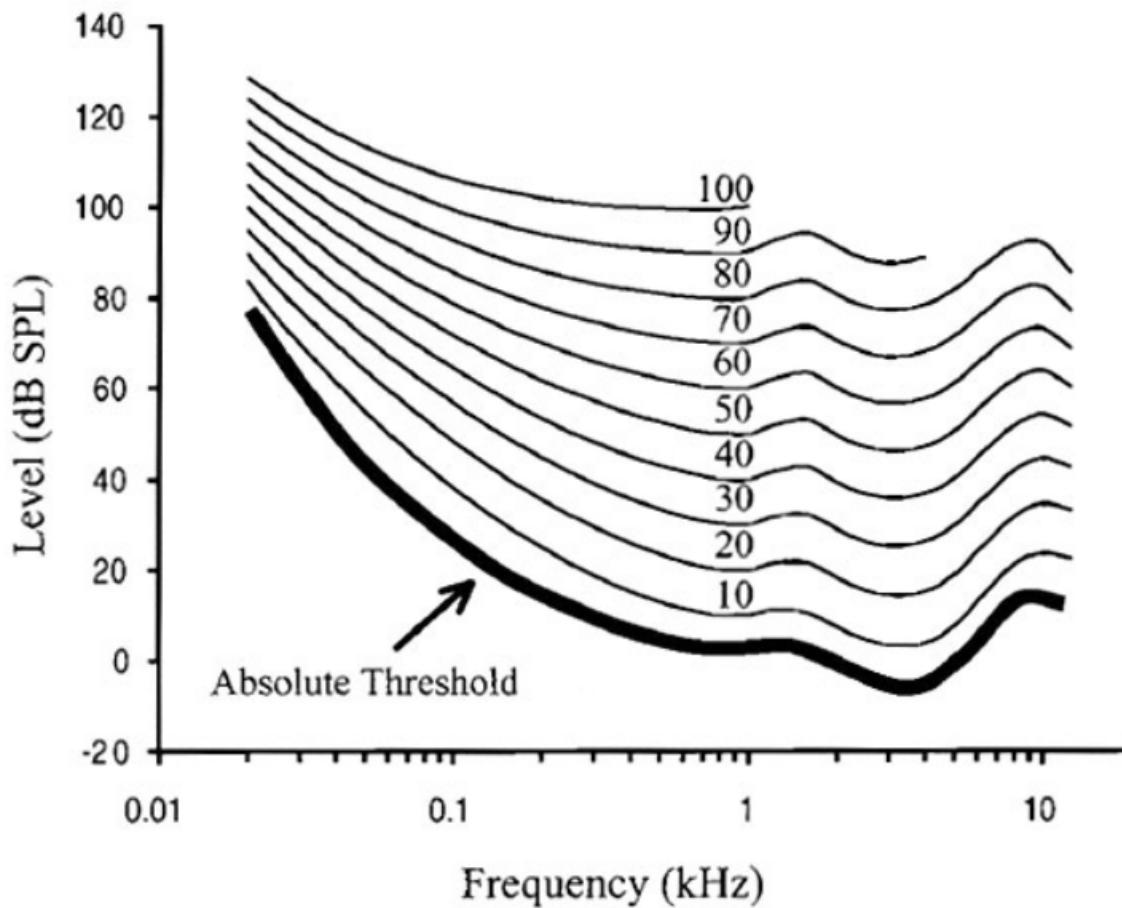
Increasing the power of sound by a factor of 2 corresponds to a **3dB** increase. Increasing the power of sound by a factor of 10 corresponds to a **10dB** increase, and increasing it by a factor of 100 corresponds to a **20dB** increase.

However, humans perceive sound in a way that a **10dB** increase in sound power is perceived as a doubling of loudness, while a **100dB** increase is perceived as a fourfold increase in loudness.

**In other words, a sound with ten times the power is generally perceived as being only twice as loud.** To account for these perceptual characteristics, a unit called “sone” is sometimes used, although it is not commonly employed. It defines 40 phon as 1 Sone, so a **10dB** increase from 40 phon to 50 phon would equal 2 sones.

- Sone is a unit based on the loudness ratio perceived by humans.

**$10^{-12}\text{W/m}^2$ , 0**dB SPL**(1000Hz)      ~1**w/m<sup>2</sup>**, 120**dB** ( )**  
**0dB SPL(ATH)**      , 120**dB SPL**



ATH

## Absolute Threshold of Hearing

가

(ATH)

가

가

1

25°C

0.98 pW/m<sup>2</sup>

RMS

20

5kHz

가

1,000Hz

가

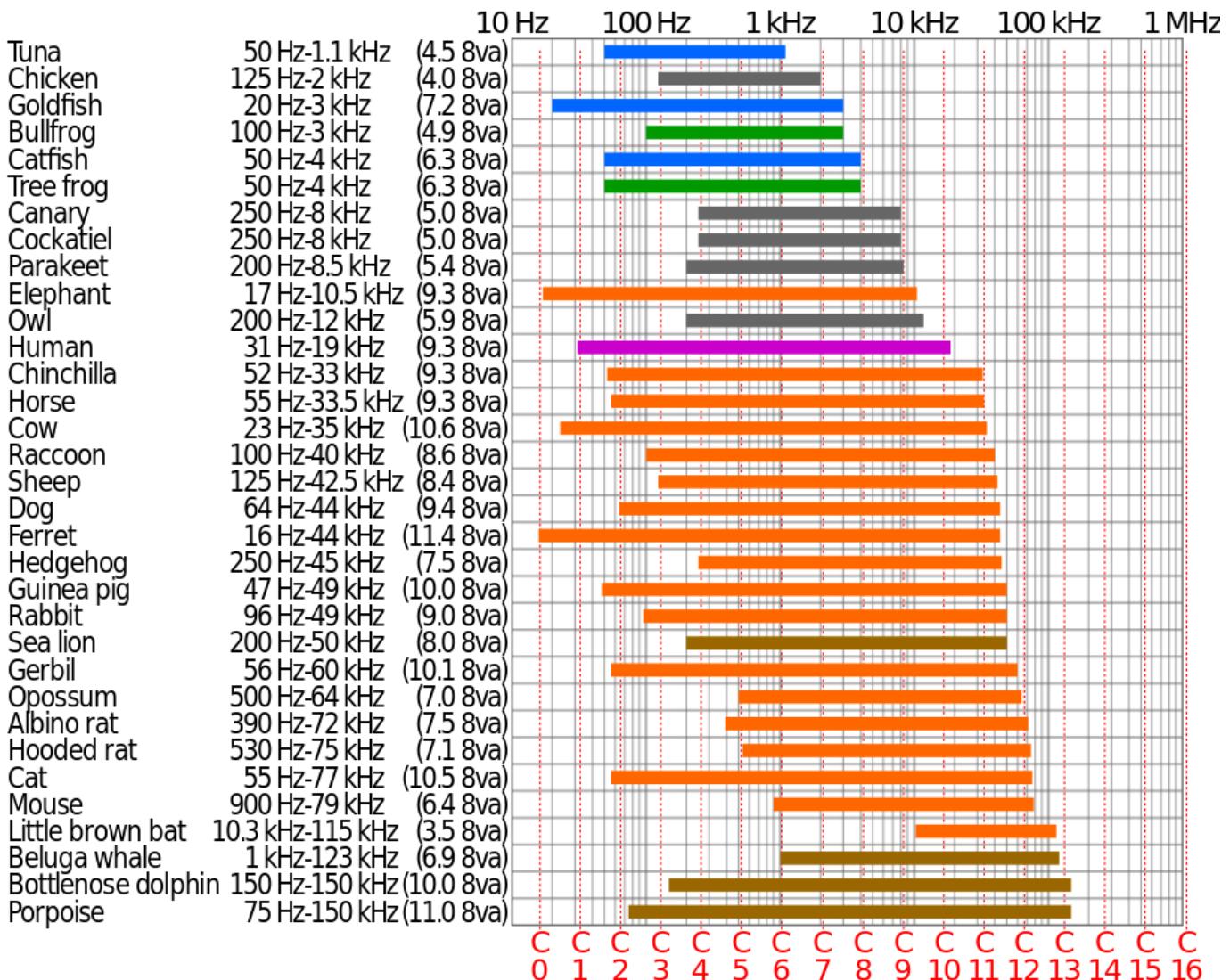
가 2kHz

가

## Audibel frequency range

가

**20Hz ~ 20kHz**



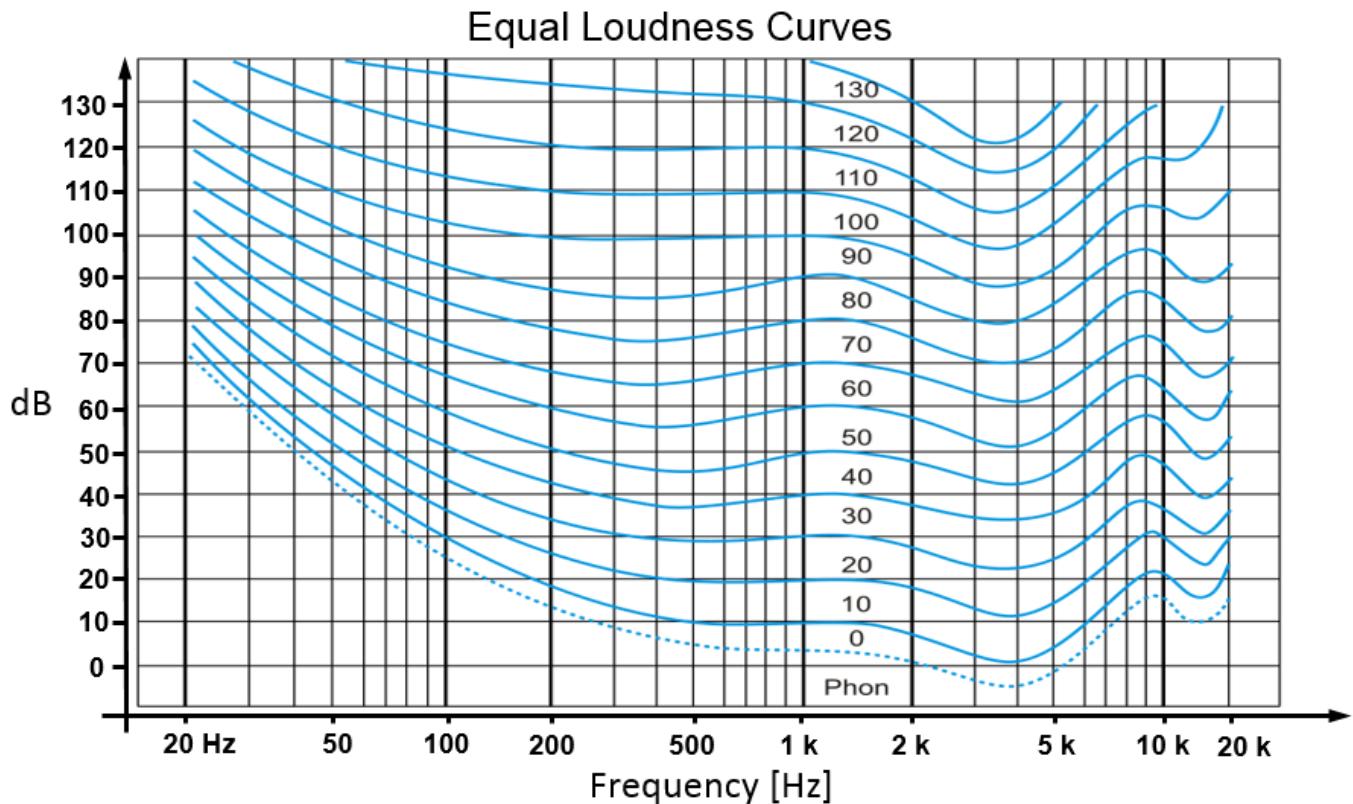
## JND

Just Noticeable Difference,

가  
JND : 1dB ( , (Sine ), 1kHz)

## Equal Loudness Curve, ISO226

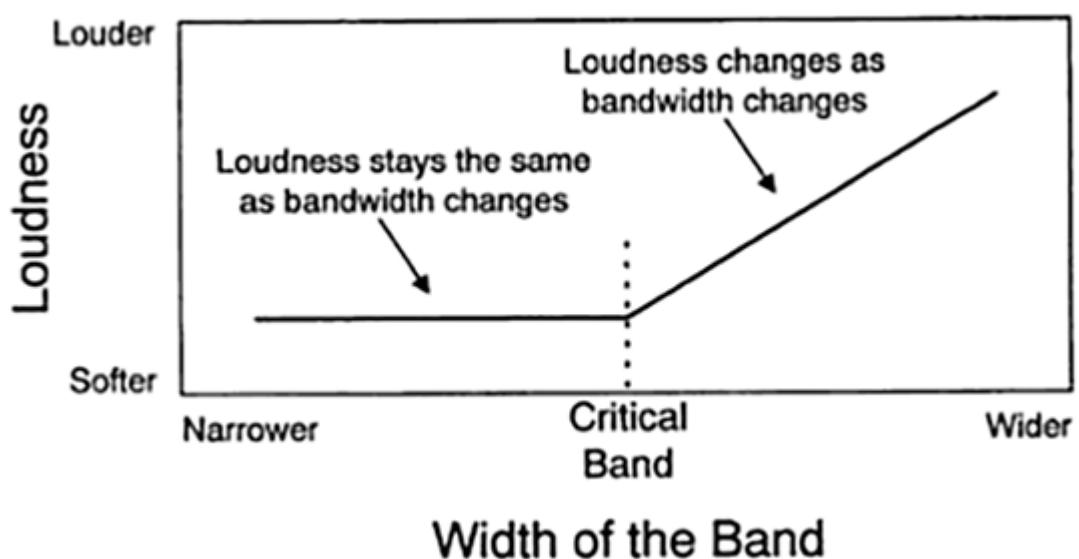
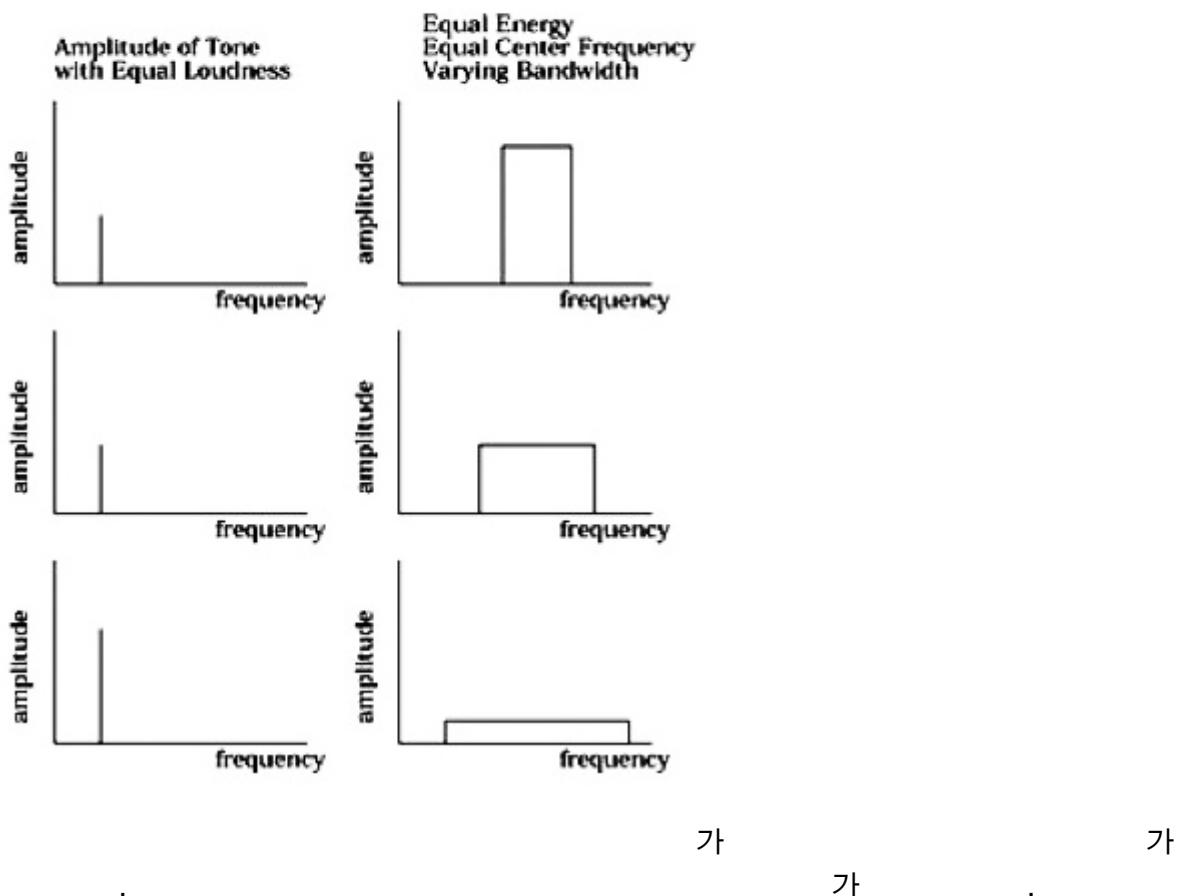
Bell fletcher munson<sup>5)</sup>, Robinson  
Dadson (Equal Loudness Curve) (ISO226)

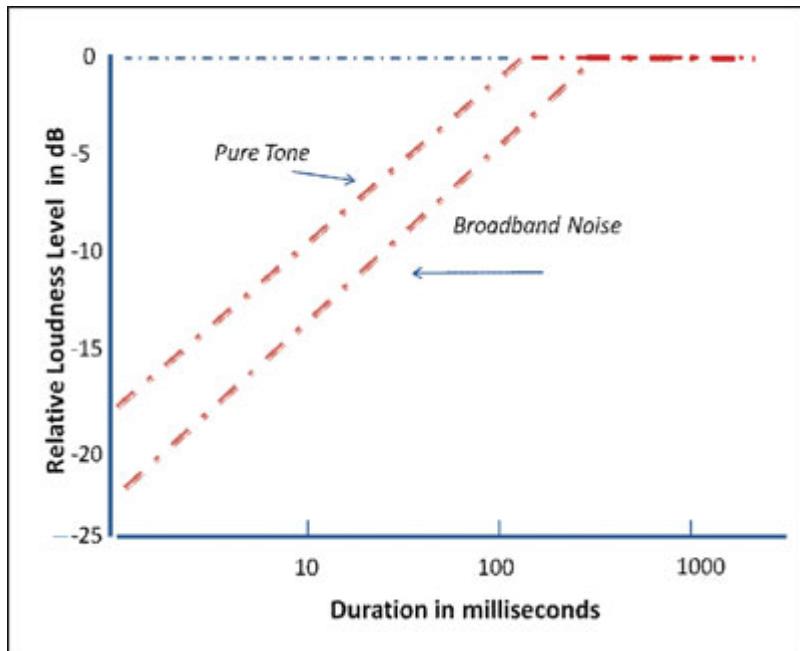


## Phon

	1kHz	dB SPL	Phon 가
ex). 10 Phon	1kHz	10dB SPL, 20Hz	75dB SPL
75dB SPL	20Hz		, 10dB SPL 1kHz

## Zwicker's loudness matching experiment





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1)

dBSPL

2)

2      가              6dB      가

3)

DAW

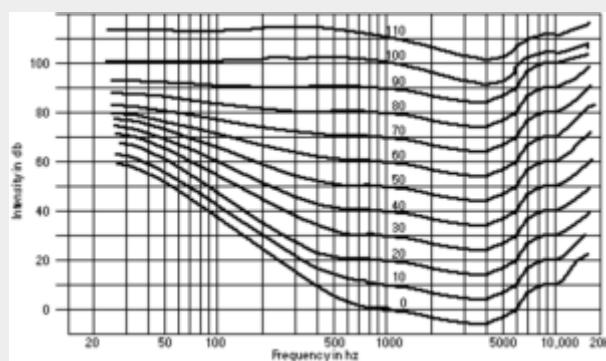
10dB

10dB

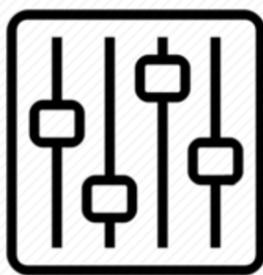
가

4)

5)



fletcher-munson curve



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